



THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA

PRIME MINISTER



REPORT ON ACTIONS TAKEN BY GOVERNMENT ON RESOLUTIONS OF THE 11TH PARLIAMENT FROM MAY 2021 TO MAY 2022

FOREWORD

In accordance with Rule 220 of the Rules of Procedures of the Parliament of Uganda, I have the honour to submit before this august House, the first Action Taken Report on Resolutions of the First Session of the 11th Parliament (May 2021 – May 2022).

This report outlines the actions taken by the different ministries, departments and agencies in regard to the resolutions of Parliament for the said period. The report is intended to update Parliament on compliance and the extent of actions taken by Government on resolutions of Parliament.

Some of the pending resolutions require legislation and policy formulation; to that effect, Government is in the process of initiating the necessary legislations and policies so as to facilitate their implementation. It is important to note that this report also excludes resolutions to authorize Government to borrow, and resolutions to pay tribute.

I, therefore, wish to inform Parliament that this is the first Action Taken Report to be presented before the 11th Parliament by the Executive. This clearly affirms Government's commitment to Parliament in ensuring the timely, efficient and effective delivery of services to the public, in a bid to achieve sustainable development in Uganda. Government of Uganda appreciate the oversight role of Parliament

It is, therefore, my pleasure, to present this report before Parliament and to reiterate Government's assurance to deliver timely responses to Parliament as we join hands in building this great nation.

FOR GOD AND MY COUNTRY.

Nabbanja Robinah, MP

Prime Minister and Leader of Government Business



PARLIAMENT OF UGANDA

**REPORT ON ACTIONS TAKEN BY GOVERNMENT ON
RESOLUTIONS OF THE 11TH PARLIAMENT FROM
MAY 2021 TO MAY 2022**

**Issued by:
Office of the Leader of Government Business**

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This report captures actions taken by Government on resolutions passed and adopted by Parliament of Uganda. This is in line with rule 220 of the rules of Parliament

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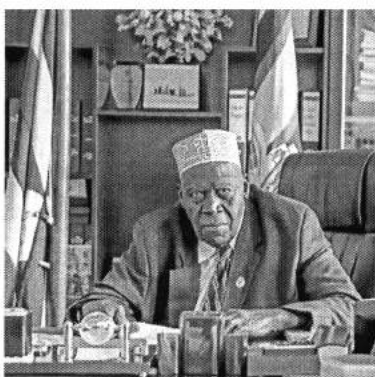
OFFICE OF THE LEADER OF GOVERNMENT BUSINESS

The office is headed by the Rt Hon. Prime Minister and Leader of Government Business and deputised by the Second Deputy Prime Minister and Deputy Leader of Government Business, and the Government Chief Whip.

The Office of the Leader of Government Business in Parliament is mandated to lead and coordinate all Government Business in Parliament through Section 6H of the Administration of Parliament (Amendment) Act, 2006 and Rules 15, 28, 41, 114 of the Rules of Procedure of the Parliament of Uganda. In addition, the office is also responsible for the welfare of Members of Parliament that belong to the ruling party in executing their duties both in the Committees of Parliament and during plenary sittings of Parliament.



Rt. Hon. Nabbanja Robinah
Prime Minister and Leader of Government Business



Rt. Hon. Mose Ali
2nd Deputy Prime Minister and
Deputy Leader of Government Business



Hon. Denis Obua Hamson
Government Chief Whip

ACRONYMS/ABBREVIATIONS

APC	Armored Personnel Carrier
ASTU	Anti-Stock Theft Unit
BAC	Blood Alcohol Content
BOU	Bank of Uganda
CCTV	Closed Circuit Television
CEDAW	Convention on Elimination of all Forms of Discrimination against Women
CRC	Convention on the Rights of the Child
CSO	Civil Society Organisation
EAC	East African Community
ESIA	Environmental and Social Impact Assessment
FGM/C	Female Genital Mutilation/Cutting
FY	Financial Year
GAPR	Government Annual Performance Report
GBV	Gender-Based Violence
GOU	Government of Uganda
HQs	Headquarters
ICT	Information and Communication Technology
IFMS	Integrated Financial Management System
IGAD	Inter-Governmental Authority on Development
ISO	Internal Security Organisation
JPCs	Joint Peace Committees
KCCA	Kampala Capital City Authority
KDF	Kenya Defence Forces
LDF	Local Defence Forces

LDU	Local Defence Unit
LG	Local Government
LOs	Liaison Officers
M/VS	Motor Vehicles
MDAs	Ministries, Department and Agencies
MIS	Management Information System
MODVA	Ministry of Defence and Veteran Affairs
MOES	Ministry of Education and Sports
MOFA	Ministry of Foreign Affairs
MOGLSD	Ministry of Gender, Labour and Social Development
MOH	Ministry of Health
MOIA	Ministry of Internal Affairs
MOICT&NG	Ministry of Information and Communication Technology and National Guidance
MOJ&CA	Ministry of Justice and Constitutional Affairs
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
Mt	Mountain
NAB	National Association of Broadcasters
NCS	National Council of Sports
NDPIII	National Development Plan III
NHATC	National High Attitude Training Centre
NITA	National Information Technology Authority
NPESP	National Physical Education and Sports Policy
NUSAF	Northern Uganda Social Action Fund
ODPP	Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions
OPM	Office of the Prime Minister

OVC	Other Vulnerable Children
OVC-MIS	Other Vulnerable Children Programme Management Information System
PFMA	Public Finance Management Act
PFMR	Public Finance Management Reforms
RISE	Response to Increased Demand in Government Service and Creation of Economic Opportunities in Uganda
TSA	Treasury Single Account
UAVs	Unmanned Aerial Vehicles
UBOS	Uganda Bureau of Statistics
UCC	Uganda Communications Commission
UDHS	Uganda Demographic and Health Survey
UHRC	Uganda Human Rights Commission
UMSWG	Uganda Media Sector Working Group
UNICEF	United Nations Children’s Fund
UNGAR	United Nations General Assembly Resolutions
UNITE	Uganda National Teachers Education
UNRA	Uganda National Roads Authority
UPDF	Uganda People’s Defence Forces
USAID	United States Agency for International Development
HF	High Frequency
VHF	Very High Frequency
WHO	World Health Organization

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Government Action Taken Report outlines the actions taken by Government MDAs in regard to Parliamentary Resolutions made in the First Session of the 11th Parliament.

During this period, Parliament considered and adopted 56 resolutions that required Government action. Out of these, Government has implemented 51 resolutions translating to 91.1% progress, leaving five resolutions, for which action is in progress. It should be noted that some resolutions require legislation and policy formulation and Government is in the process of initiating the necessary legislations and policies so as to facilitate the implementation process.

The breakdown and distribution of the resolutions across the various ministries are as follows: Ministry of Gender, Labour and Social Development had three (03) resolutions; Ministry of Works and Transport had six (06) resolutions; Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries had one (01) resolution; Ministry of Health had seven (07) resolutions; Ministry of Education and Sports had fifteen (15) resolutions; Ministry Finance, Planning and Economic Development had five (05) resolutions; Ministry of Internal Affairs had two (02) resolutions; Ministry of Defence and Veteran Affairs had five (05) resolutions; Ministry for the Presidency had four (04) resolutions; Ministry of Justice and Constitutional Affairs had four (04) resolutions; Ministry of Information and Communications Technology had one (01) resolution; Office of the Prime Minister had two (02) resolutions and Ministry of Water and Environment had one (01) resolution.

As highlighted above, out of the 56 resolutions, Government implemented 51 resolutions and the implementation of five is still underway. The success of Government in implementing resolutions of Parliament is so far commendable and is attributed to

Government's commitment to and timely compliance with Parliamentary directives.

CHAPTER ONE

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Government Action Taken Report was prepared based on the resolutions of the 11th Parliament for the period between May 2021 and May 2022. This report emphasises the actions taken by Government MDAs regarding the parliamentary resolutions.

The report is in line with Rule 220 of the Rules of Procedure of the Parliament of Uganda, which provides that a Minister shall submit to Parliament an Action Taken Report detailing what actions have been taken by the Ministry following the resolutions or recommendations of Parliament or its Committees.

In light of the above, the Office of the Leader of Government Business in Parliament undertook measures to prepare a compilation of all resolutions of Parliament detailing actions taken by the Government MDAs on the Parliament resolutions from May 2021 and May 2022.

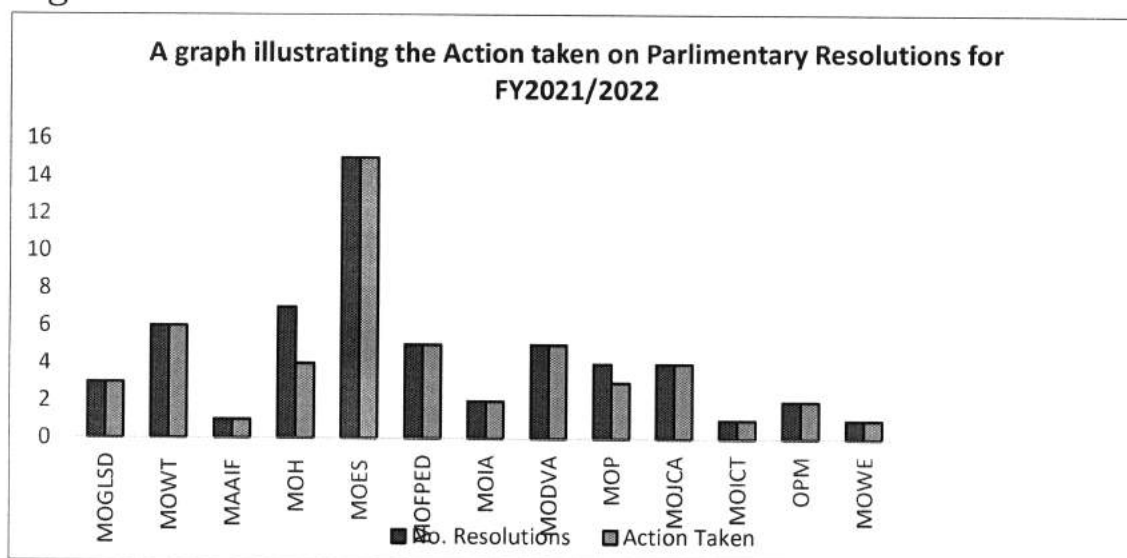
Table 1: Summary of Action Taken

NO	MINISTRY	NO. OF RESOLUTIONS	ACTION TAKEN	ACTION IN PROGRESS	PERCENTAGE (%)
1.	Ministry of Gender, Labour and Social Development	3	3	0	100
2.	Ministry of Works and Transport	6	6	0	100
3.	Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries	1	1	0	100
4.	Ministry of Health	7	4	3	57.1
5.	Ministry of Education and Sports	15	15	0	100
6.	Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development	5	5	0	100
7.	Ministry of Internal Affairs	2	2	0	100
8.	Ministry of Defence and Veteran Affairs	5	5	0	100
9.	Ministry for the Presidency	4	3	1	60
10.	Ministry of Justice and Constitutional Affairs	4	4	0	100

11.	Ministry of Information and Communication Technology	1	1	0	100
12.	Office of the Prime Minister	2	1	1	50
13.	Ministry of Water and Environment	1	1	0	100
Total Distribution		56	51	5	91

Source: Tabulation by Office of the Leader of Government Business

Figure 1 :



Source: Office of the Leader of Government Business

1.1 **OBJECTIVE**

The objective of this report is to provide information to Parliament on Actions Taken by Government Ministries, Departments and Agencies in fulfillment of Rule 220 of the Rules of Procedure of Parliament of Uganda.

1.2 **SCOPE**

The Office of the Leader of Government Business in Parliament considered the resolutions of the 11th Parliament from May 2021 to May 2022 and engaged the responsible Government MDAs on the actions taken by Government. The Ministries include:

- Ministry of Gender, Labour and Social Development
- Ministry of Works and Transport
- Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries
- Ministry of Health
- Ministry of Education and Sports
- Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development
- Ministry of Internal Affairs
- Ministry of Defence and Veteran Affairs
- Ministry for the Presidency
- Ministry of Justice and Constitutional Affairs
- Ministry of Information and Communication Technology
- Office of the Prime Minister
- Ministry of Water and Environment

1.3 **METHODOLOGY:**

In considering the resolutions of the 11th Parliament, the Office of the Leader of Government Business in Parliament interacted with the Office of the Clerk to Parliament, and held meetings with the different Government MDAs. They also reviewed the following documents;

- a) The Hansard

- b) Correspondences from the Office of the Clerk to Parliament to the Rt Hon. Prime Minister and Leader of Government Business and the Government Chief Whip on resolutions of Parliament.
- c) Correspondences from relevant Government MDAs.

CHAPTER TWO

2.0 ACTION TAKEN BY RELEVANT MINISTRIES

This chapter clearly outlines the date, title, resolution and action taken by the relevant Ministries. However, some of the pending resolutions require legislation and policy formulation and Government is in the process of initiating the necessary legislations and policies.

2.1 MINISTRY OF JUSTICE AND CONSTITUTIONAL AFFAIRS

TITLE.

Resolution of Parliament urging Government to address challenges facing the Girl-child and children in general in the digital era.

RESOLUTION 1

Government to implement the Trafficking in Persons Act, 2019 and the Anti-Pornography Act, 2014.

ACTION TAKEN

The Trafficking in persons Act 2019 is being implemented in accordance with the Law.

The Anti-pornography Act 2014 was a subject of the Constitutional petition where the court found Section 1 (2) on the definition of Pornography unconstitutional. An appeal against this decision has been filed.

Therefore, the implementation of the Act has been made difficult.

RESOLUTION 2

The Attorney General to present to Parliament the status of the implementation of the Penal Code Act intended to protect both the girls and boy-child against female genital mutilation, rape, defilement, child marriage and all other forms of child abuse.

ACTION TAKEN

The very nature of the Penal Code Act is to provide offences and punishment for those offences. Therefore, successful implementation of the Penal Code requires securing convictions on the offences committed.

The table below shows the statistics on the offenses that have been reported and how they have been handled to conviction

Offence /Case Process	Newly Registered Cases Files	Gender Disaggregation				Sanc-tions Cases Files	Case Stage	Cases Concluded with Verdicts Disaggregated by Gender															
		Adults		Juveniles				Verdicts by Gender															
		Males	Female	Boys	Girls			Male	Female	Convicted	Acquitted	Withdrawn	Dismissed										
							On mention	Consented to	Further Inquiry	Under hearing	Commit-tal	Convicted	Acquitted	Withdrawn	Dismissed	Revised	Appeals	Closed Files					
Rape	1036	1130	4	38	0	2	1	176	10	302	323	43	49	6	1	0	14	0	9	0	0	1	209
Aggv't Defilement	2995	3498	41	308	7		0	695	36	712	655	17	224	9	8	0	15	1	31	1	3	0	383
Simple Defilement	6965	6435	107	528	170	9	1	206	8	1644	132	89	1302	3	19	2	5	3	517	3	1	2	1392

TITLE

Resolution of Parliament urging Government to immediately stop cattle rustling and restore peace, security and stability in the subregions of Teso, Lango, Acholi, Karamoja, Bugisu and Sebei.

RESOLUTION 3

Government verifies and pays compensation to the people who have lost lives, livestock and property to the cattle rustlers.

ACTION TAKEN

Government commenced compensation for the cattle lost in Acholi, Lango and Teso subregions. To date a total sum of 49,345,708,595 has been paid to claimants.

RESOLUTION 4

In accordance with Article 79 of our Constitution, a law be enacted to adequately and specifically criminalise, penalise and make raiding a very expensive and consequential venture to all its perpetrators and abettors.

ACTION TAKEN

Government is currently reviewing the Penal Code Act and, therefore, there is an opportunity to study the possibility of introducing offences related to cattle rustling in the Penal Code Act.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL INDUSTRY AND FISHERIES

RESOLUTION

Government, in a measure to deter raids and ease the monitoring, tracking and recovery of any raided or stolen livestock urgently implements through the Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries (MAAIF) a program to brand tag all livestock in Teso, Lango, Sebei, Bugisu and Karamoja Sub-regions

ACTION

- MAAIF in collaboration with Makerere University College of Veterinary Medicine, Animal Resources and Biosecurity Studies has developed a Livestock Identification and Traceability System (LITS) to address cattle rustling, theft and animal health. The system is based on Radio Frequency Intermittent Device (RFID) Technology enabled by satellite. It involves tagging the livestock with a paired ear-tag (ordinary and electronic tag) in which a chip is embedded.

The chip bears all the information about the animal (biodata, ownership, and location).

Attributes of the system

- The chip enables identifying the individual animal and this information can be read by hand-held electronic reader and is also reflected at the District and central servers.
- It enables real-time tracking of the movement of the livestock. It also enables investigation and tracing the livestock wherever they are in case of being rustled or stolen. The chip also provides information on livestock population, and livestock offtake / sale / change of hands. It therefore gives a trends analysis.

- The system enables authorities to trace origins of specific animal diseases by the trace-back of the source animals thereby being able to control disease from source and prevent further spread.

Progress / Time-frames

- The LITS software and hardware requirements have been developed / determined
- A plan and budget for piloting and later implementing the system is being developed for submission to Cabinet and Parliament for consideration.
- The system is planned to be implemented starting July 2023.

Government is formulating a law on Livestock Identification and Traceability System (LITS) that will make it mandatory for all livestock to be registered, tagged and reflected on a national livestock database.

Progress / Time-frames

- Principles for the LITS Bill are being developed for consideration by Cabinet

MINISTRY OF WORKS AND TRANSPORT

RESOLUTION OF PARLIAMENT URGING GOVERNMENT TO STRENGTHEN EFFORTS FOR PROMOTING ROAD SAFETY IN UGANDA

RESOLUTION 1

Government increases funding for the road safety programmes and activities, specifically the Department of Transport Regulation and Safety in the Ministry of Works and Transport and the Directorate of Traffic and Road Safety in the Uganda Police Force for human resource and equipment.

ACTION TAKEN

The Department of Transport Regulation and Safety in the Ministry of Works and Transport is responsible for the regulation and promotion of effective, safe and efficient road transport services.

The Ministry is working together with Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development to identify additional funding of UGX. 20 billion per year for a period of 5 years for road safety programmes and activities.

The Ministry has finalised a Multi-Agency National Road Safety Action Plan 2021/22 - 2025/26 which is aligned with the Global Plan. The Plan will run for five years and will be used in mobilizing funds from both the Consolidated Fund and the Donor Community.

RESOLUTION 2

The Ministry of Works and Transport considers reducing the speed limit for urban areas, highly built up areas and school zones from 50KPH to 30KPH.

ACTION TAKEN

After the enactment of the Road Act 2019 the global action plan came in 2020 which necessitated the change of the speed limit from 50 to 30kphr. We commenced the domestication of this action plan but were interrupted by the Covid-19 restrictions. We have however commenced the regulatory impact assessment (RIA) to inform the formulation of the regulation by January 2023.

RESOLUTION 3

The Ministry of Works and Transport reduces the blood alcohol content (BAC) from the current 0.08 grams per 100 milligrams to 0.05 grams per 100 milligrams for general drivers and 0.02 grams per 100 milligrams for young and novice drivers and commercial drivers.

ACTION TAKEN

Regulations have been reviewed reducing the BAC from 0.08 grams per 100 milligrams to 0.05 grams per 100 milligrams for general drivers in accordance with the World Health Organization. This has been incorporated into the regulations.

The regulations also provide for 0.02 grams per 100 milligrams for commercial drivers. However, the restriction of 0.02 grams per 100 milligrams was rejected for novice drivers due to issues of practicability of enforcing it and discrimination.

Stakeholder consultations and validation workshops were held and this position was agreed upon. The draft regulations were submitted to Solicitor General for clearance.

RESOLUTION 4

The Ministry of Works and Transport in liaison with other relevant agencies such as Uganda National Bureau of Standards to consider setting acceptable standards for helmets, seat belts and child restraints to be allowed on the market.

ACTION TAKEN

The standard on helmet and seat belts is already in use. The Ministry of Works and Transport together with UNBS and other stakeholders including Civil Society Organizations are reviewing the standards on helmets and seat belts. The Ministry is also developing the standard on child restraints.

Regulations on seat belts were reviewed to include child restraints and are among the regulations have been submitted to the Solicitor General for clearance.

RESOLUTION 5

The Ministry of Works and Transport, Ministry of Health and Uganda Police Force should work concertedly to improve the collection and management of road crash data.

ACTION TAKEN

A Road Safety Performance Review was conducted in 2018 supported by the UN Special Envoy for Road Safety and recommendations made for proper and effective collection and management of road crash data.

The terms of reference for consultancy services for the completion of the development and operationalization of the National Road Crash Database were finalized in consultation with key stakeholders including Uganda National Roads Authority, Ministry of Health, Uganda Police Force and Kampala Capital City Authority.

The process of procuring the consultant is ongoing.

RESOLUTION 6

Government strengthens measures to curb corruption between traffic offenders and the law enforcers on the road.

ACTION TAKEN

- We are continuing to prosecute the culprits
 - We are working with the anticorruption agencies to sensitize the public not to bribe
 - Police is procuring body cameras
 - Cameras on the road have assisted us in identifying the culprits in addition to being a deterrent
- i. UNRA conducts Road Safety Audits for all new roads at the preliminary design phase, detailed design phase, construction phase and pre-opening phase. A road safety audit is a pro-active measure to road safety; it follows the principle that prevention is better than cure. The Road Safety Audit ensures that the designs provide the following: the safety needs for all road users especially the vulnerable users such as pedestrians, visually and mobility impaired; Influence the driver's choice of speed; that there are no nasty surprises; Guide, inform and warn the driver about the road ahead, consistency in signs and design elements, control the driver's passage through conflict points and other difficult sections and should forgive the driver's mistakes or inappropriate behaviour.

- ii. UNRA is working with the Ministry of Works and transport to provide alternative materials for traffic signs such as fibre glass for sign plates.

This has been motivated by the fact that there is rampant vandalism of the current steel and aluminium material since they are attractive to scrap dealers, leaving motorists without proper guidance, warning of hazards and information to navigate the road safely.

**MINISTRY OF INFORMATION, COMMUNICATION,
TECHNOLOGY AND NATIONAL GUIDANCE.**

TITLE.

Resolution of Parliament to highlight the decline in ethical and moral values in the country and propose solutions for reversing the destructive decline.

Chapter 1 RESOLUTION 1

Urges Government to rein in on the media, namely, television, radio, print news, which have become some of the biggest avenues and disseminators of immorality and fake news.

ACTION TAKEN

Enforcement of the media standards is undertaken by our Ministry through our delegated agencies to wit; the Media Council and Uganda Communication Commission

We continue to engage with the media houses whenever a complaint is raised and with the enactment of the computer misuse Act, the media practitioners who are were outside the ambit of the existing Law have now been addressed and increase our ability to bring them to book.

2.2 MINISTRY OF DEFENCE AND VETERAN AFFAIRS

TITLE.

Resolution of Parliament urging Government to immediately stop cattle rustling and restore peace, security and stability in the subregions of Teso, Lango, Acholi, Karamoja, Bugisu and Sebei

RESOLUTION 1

Government, in accordance with Articles 26, 209, 212 and 222 of the Constitution of Uganda urgently and adequately deploys security forces in Karamoja and districts bordering it from the subregions of Teso, Lango, Acholi, Bugisu and Sebei with adequate logistical, material and financial resources to stop cattle rustling that is illegally depriving people of their right to own property and subjecting people to torture, cruel and inhumane treatment and thereby restore peace and security.

ACTION TAKEN

- a) The UPDF has made commensurately robust deployment by enhancing troop levels. These have been further boosted by Local Defense personnel from various training wings of the UPDF. With these enhancements, each district in Karamoja has a force for zonal security supported by intelligence.
- b) In the neighbouring subregions, UPDF has enhanced troop levels in Kitgum, Agago, Abim, Otuke, Kapelebyong, Katakwi, Kumi, Bulambuli, Kween, and Bukwo, to prevent and curtail incursions by cattle rustlers in the respective districts.
- c) While recognising that adequate security calls for the participation of the public as well as local leaders, we have integrated into our operation the anti-cattle rustling mobilisation and sensitization.

Important to note, H.E. The President has traversed the subregions leading the mindset change effort by encouraging the population to engage in other productive activities such as goat keeping, etc.

RESOLUTION 2

Government, in accordance with Article 17(b-d) of the Constitution reinstates the LDFs from the affected districts as a permanent auxiliary force under the command and coordination of the UPDF with improved management and remuneration – trained, armed and deployed within their villages/communities – to support and work with the UPDF and Uganda Police Force (UPF) in deterring raids, protecting lives and property, plus tracking and recovering of stolen animals from the armed raiders.

ACTION TAKEN

With regard to reinstatement of LDFs, between April and June 2022, UPDF deliberately trained and passed out 11,440 LDFs who are deployed in Karamoja and the neighbouring affected districts.

RESOLUTION 3

Government takes steps to immediately remove all armed herdsmen moving within the subregions of Teso, Lango, Acholi, Bugisu, Sebei and Karamoja including all the armed Turkana, Toposa and the Pokot.

ACTION TAKEN

With the re-launch of the 'Usalama kwa wote' operations in July 2021, 631 guns were recovered by May 2022.

RESOLUTION 4

Government with immediate effect and in accordance with Article 22 of the Constitution relaunches and accelerates a comprehensive and sustained disarmament process in the Karamoja Subregion to remove all illegal guns from civilians and raiders.

ACTION TAKEN

‘Usalama kwa wote’ operations were relaunched in July 2021 and is still ongoing.

RESOLUTION 5

Government, within six months from the date of this resolution and in accordance with Article 22 of the Constitution, implements a mechanism to prevent the reacquisition and the proliferation of illegal guns within Karamoja Subregion and from the neighbouring countries.

ACTION TAKEN

On 6th April 2022, the Governments of Uganda and Kenya signed a memorandum of understanding (MoU) on cooperation in defence and security, particularly, on combating cross-border animal rustling, small arms proliferation, as well as other transnational crimes.

UPDF in collaboration with the local leadership and their counterparts, especially across in Kenya, established a joint mechanism for prevention and curtailing arms proliferation. These include the formation of Joint Peace Committees (JPCs) to provide early warning and resolve any emerging and existential cross-border security issues.

In addition, the Uganda People’s Defence Forces (UPDF) and the Kenya Defence Forces (KDF) maintain Liaison Officers on both sides of the border. UPDF has deployed three officers in Lokichokio (Turkana County), Kacheliba (West Pokot County) and Kapsokwany (Bungoma County) in Kenya: While KDF officers are in Moroto, Amudat and Tororo, respectively.

Similar initiatives are in the offing with the Government of South Sudan.

2.3 OFFICE OF THE PRIME MINISTER

TITLE

Resolution of Parliament urging Government to immediately stop cattle rustling and restore peace, security and stability in the subregions of Teso, Lango, Acholi, Karamoja, Bugisu and Sebei

RESOLUTION 1

Government, in accordance with Objective XXIII of the Constitution of the Republic of Uganda, through the Office of the Prime Minister (OPM), immediately provides relief to the affected and displaced people in affected areas whose normal lives have been disrupted by the perpetual cattle raiders.

ACTION TAKEN

Karamoja Subregion experienced poor rainfall performance since 2019, and this situation has led to increasing food shortage and consumption gaps.

The food security phase classification report indicates high level of acute food insecurity with about 518,000 people affected.

The Office of the Prime Minister under the Department of Relief, Disaster Preparedness and Management provided relief food to the affected persons in Karamoja, Teso, Acholi and Lango Subregions.

Food relief distribution to Karamoja and the neighbouring regions

Region	Maize (Kgs)	Beans (Kgs)
Karamoja	6,271,600	3,135,800
Teso	486,000	243,000
Acholi	60,000	30,000
Lango	60,000	30,000

In addition, livelihood of the people in Karamoja Subregion has been supported through procurement and distribution of 74,000 goats and 80,044 iron sheets (Distribution of iron sheets is ongoing).

We appreciate the non-state actors such as Donors, Development Partners and the Faith-based organisations.

CHAPTER THREE

3.0 CONCLUSION

Government is committed to working closely with Parliament to ensure the quick implementation of resolutions of Parliament in a bid to deliver services more efficiently and effectively, so as to achieve sustainable development in Uganda.

In addition to Bills and policies that will be tabled in the House from time to time, Government, by way of the Action Taken Report, will continue to update Parliament annually, on action taken and the extent of implementation of resolutions of Parliament.